



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name MAK-CCSIH1 Synonyms** CCSIH1

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

**CLOSED CIRCUIT CORROSION INHIBITER** Uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

MAK INDUSTRIAL WATER SOLUTIONS PTY LTD Supplier name

**Address** 36 Beringarra Ave, Malaga, Western Australia, 6090, AUSTRALIA

**Telephone** +61 8 9249 8007 +61 8 9249 8004 Fax

service.wa@makwater.com.au **Email** 

Website http://makwater.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** +61 8 9249 8007

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**Physical Hazards** 

Corrosive to Metals: Category 1

**Health Hazards** 

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 3 Acute Toxicity: Skin: Category 4 Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1B

**Environmental Hazards** 

Aquatic Toxicity (Acute): Category 1

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word **DANGER** 

**Pictograms** 







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**Hazard statements** 

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.



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#### Prevention statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P234 Keep only in original packaging. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P270

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

### Response statements

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions. P321

P330 Rinse mouth.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. P390

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage statements

P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

**Disposal statements** 

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# **COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM NITRITE	7632-00-0	231-555-9	10 to 30%
DISODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE	1303-96-4	215-540-4	<10%
SODIUM NITRATE	7631-99-4	231-554-3	<10%
1-METHYL BENZOTRIAZOLE	29385-43-1	249-596-6	<10%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Not Available

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator where an inhalation

risk exists. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.



### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (nitrogen oxides) when heated to decomposition.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

2X

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- Х Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

# 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eve or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

# 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

# **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Borate compounds	SWA [Proposed]		0.75		
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (decahydrate)	SWA [AUS]		5		

# **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction **Engineering controls** 

ventilation is recommended.



**PPE** 

**Eye / Face** Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Wear coveralls. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear rubber boots and

a PVC apron.

**Respiratory** Not required under normal conditions of use.







# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance CLEAR COLOURLESS TO PALE YELLOW LIQUID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point 100°C (Approximately)
Melting point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE
pH 11 to 12 (neat)

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Relative density 1.2 to 1.25 (Approximately)

Solubility (water) SOLUBLE

17 mm Hg @ 20°C Vapour pressure Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE** 

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1 Reactivity

May be corrosive to metals.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation is not expected to occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with incompatible substances.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

May form toxic N-nitrosamines (suspected carcinogens) when mixed with amines and acids. Incompatible with acids (eg phthalic acid), oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), organics and reducing agents (eg disulphides).

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (nitrogen oxides) when heated to decomposition.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
SODIUM NITRITE	85 mg/kg (rat)		5.5 mg/m³/4 hours (rat)
DISODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE	2000 mg/kg (mouse)		
SODIUM NITRATE	3430 mg/kg (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	
1-METHYL BENZOTRIAZOLE	675 mg/kg (rat)		

**Skin** Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and corneal burns with possible serious eye

damage.

**Sensitisation** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

MutagenicityNot classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNot classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive May damage fertility or the unborn child. Animal studies have shown that exposure to high concentrations of

Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and ulceration.

borates may affect the developing fetus and the testes.

STOT - single exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

**Aspiration** Not classified as causing aspiration.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The manufacturer reports that the product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

The manufacturer advises that the product is predicted to be highly mobile in the soil.

# 12.5 Other adverse effects

The manufacturer reports the following aquatic toxicity data; LC50 (minnow) > 100 mg/L/96 h.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Cover with reducing agent (thiosulphate, bisulphate or ferrous salt but not carbon, sulphur or strong reducing

agents). Mix well and spray with water. A ferrous salt will require addition of 3 mol/L sulphuric acid to promote reduction. Scoop slurry into container of water and neutralise with soda ash. Discharge to sewer with excess water. Contact the manufacturer (supplier for additional information (if required))

water. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE





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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1760	1760	1760
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	8	8	8
14.4 Packing Group	II	II	II

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 2X

 GTEPG
 8A1

 EmS
 F-A, S-B

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AllC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Additional information

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

# **HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

## Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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