



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2) Synonyms MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses LABORATORY APPLICATIONS ● LABORATORY REAGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name MAK INDUSTRIAL WATER SOLUTIONS PTY LTD

Address 36 Beringarra Ave, Malaga, Western Australia, 6090, AUSTRALIA

**Telephone** +61 8 9249 8007 **Fax** +61 8 9249 8004

Email service.wa@makwater.com.au

Website http://makwater.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** +61 8 9249 8007

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

## **Physical Hazards**

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

# **Health Hazards**

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

# **Environmental Hazards**

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

## 2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word DANGER

**Pictograms** 







## **Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1

Page 1 of 7

# PRODUCT NAME MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

#### **Prevention statements**

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

#### Response statements

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage statements

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal statements** 

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-65-2	215-183-4	1 to 5%
SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE	2893-78-9	220-767-7	1 to 5%
SODIUM CITRATE	68-04-2	200-675-3	80 to 90%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

**Skin** If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns.

## 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated. May evolve carbon/ sodium/ lithium/ nitrogen oxides and chlorides when heated to decomposition.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1

# PRODUCT NAME MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

2X

2 Fine Water Spray.

X Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Exposure standards**

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

# **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

# 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

**Eye / Face** Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Wear coveralls. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear rubber boots and

a PVC apron.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. At high dust levels, wear an Air-line

respirator.









SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1

Page 3 of 7

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE POWDER
Odour CHLORINE ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE

Melting point > 240°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE pH 12.33 (5 % solution)
Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Relative density 1.783 Solubility (water) SOLUBLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure **NOT RELEVANT** Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE** 

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

**Odour threshold** 

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), metals, heat and ignition sources.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon/ sodium/ lithium/ nitrogen oxides and chlorides when heated to decomposition.

**NOT AVAILABLE** 

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of

perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

# Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	210 mg/kg (rat) (RTECS)		
SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE	1,823 mg/kg (rat)	> 5,000 mg/kg (rat)	0.27 - 1.17 mg/l/4hrs (rat)
SODIUM CITRATE	6,150 mg/kg (rat)	> 2,280 mg/kg (rat)	

**Skin** Causes burns. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns.

Eye Causes burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, corneal burns and possible

permanent damage.



SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1 **PRODUCT NAME** MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

Sensitisation Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Not classified as a mutagen. Carcinogenicity Not classified as a carcinogen.

Not classified as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive

STOT - single Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis. High level exposure may result in intense thirst, ulceration, lung tissue damage, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema. exposure Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Adverse effects are generally associated STOT - repeated

with single exposure. exposure

Not classified as causing aspiration. **Aspiration** 

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

# 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Collect without generating dust. Place in clean, sealed containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site.

Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	2680	2680	2680
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE
14.3 Transport hazard class	8	8	8
14.4 Packing Group	II	II	II

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code **GTEPG** 8A1 **EmS** F-A. S-B

> SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1



Page 5 of 7

#### **PRODUCT NAME** MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

Other information

There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

**Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)** 

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

**UNITED STATES: TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act)** All components are listed on the TSCA inventory, or are exempt.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Additional information**

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

# HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021

Page 6 of 7 Revision No: 3.1

# PRODUCT NAME MAK-RANASM (2 OF 2)

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

## Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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SDS Date: 23 Sep 2021 Revision No: 3.1

Page 7 of 7